

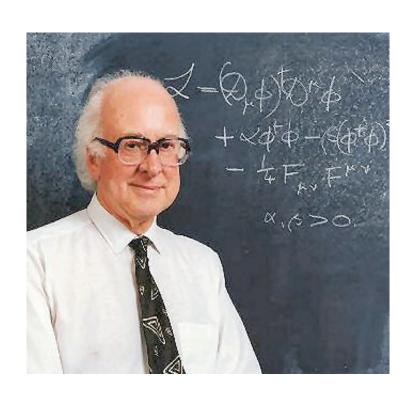
Newsflash: CERN Reports on the Higgs

What is the Higgs Boson? What did CERN observe? What comes next?





What is the Higgs Boson?

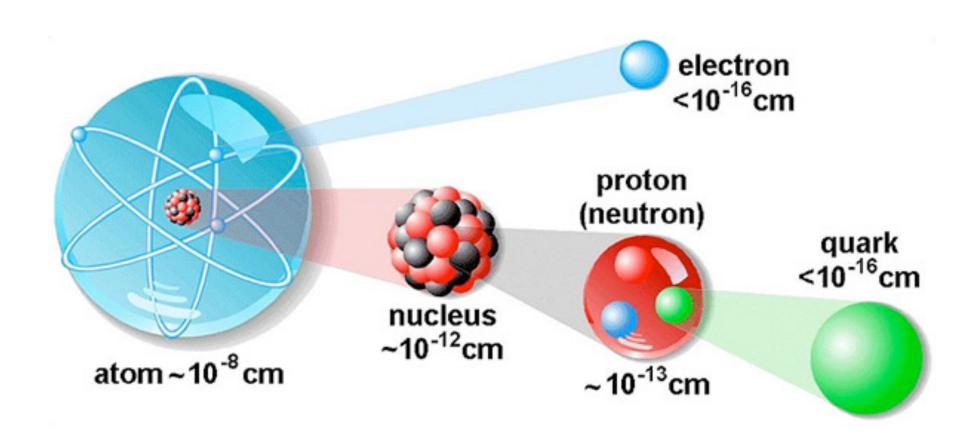


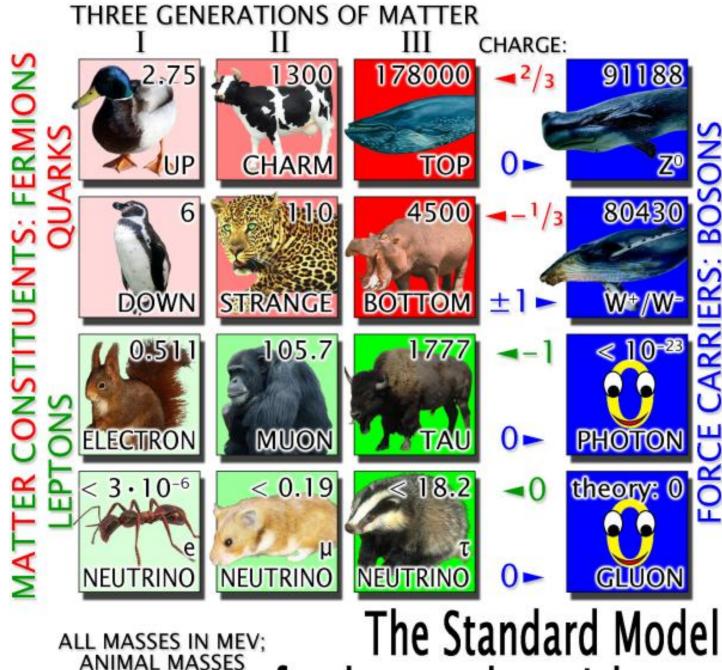
Peter Higgs



T. W. B. Kibble, Gerald S. Guralnik, Carl R. Hagen, François Englert, and Robert Brout.

Subatomic Structure





MYSTERIES

Flavor:

Why do similar fermions have different masses?

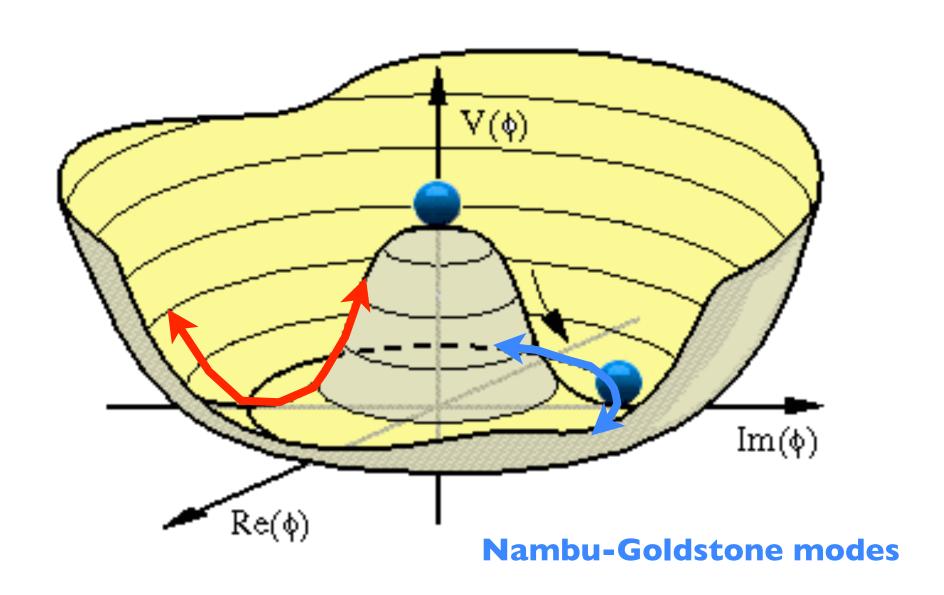
Electroweak:

Why are the W & Z bosons heavy while the photon is massless?

fundamental particle zoo

SCALE WITH PARTICLE MASSES

Higgs Field and Higgs Boson





A variety of masses:

The Higgs field would form a uniform background within the universe. Each particle would interact with the Higgs boson to a different degree.

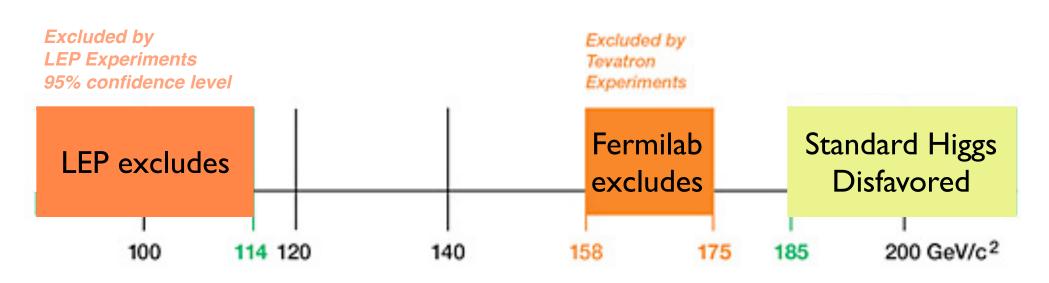
The more strongly a particle interacted with the Higgs, the more mass it would gain and the more inertia it would display



Search for the Higgs Particle

Status as of July 2010

95% confidence level



Higgs mass (GeV)

What did CERN observe?

Colliders Seeking Answers

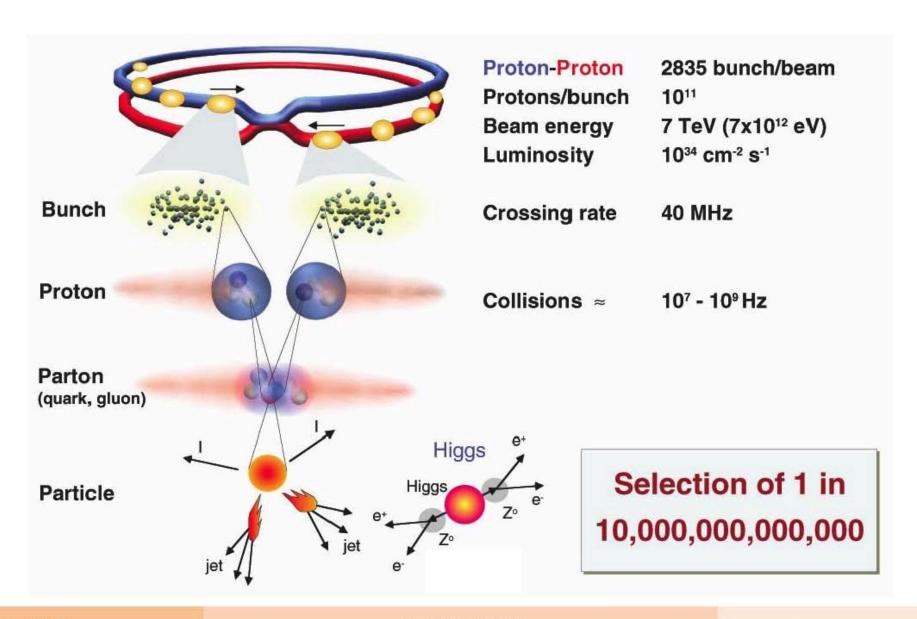


Fermilab Tevatron (1983-2011)

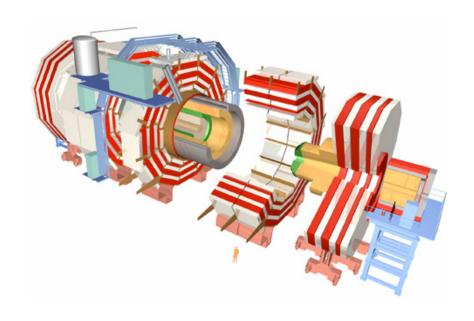
CERN LHC (2008 -)

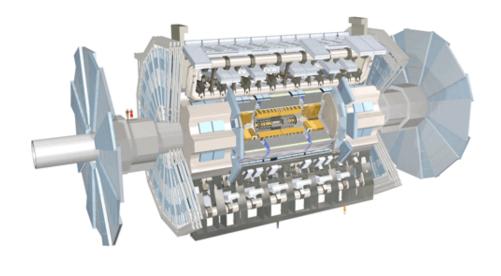


Proton-Proton Collissions



Results from Two Experiments







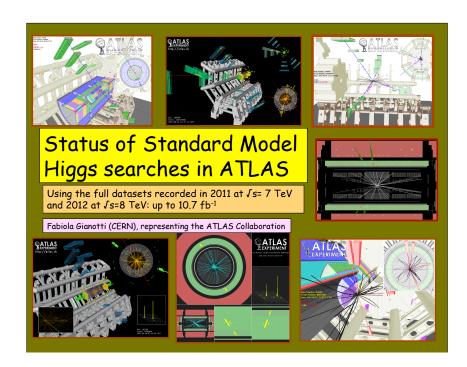
CMS Spokesperson Joe Incandela

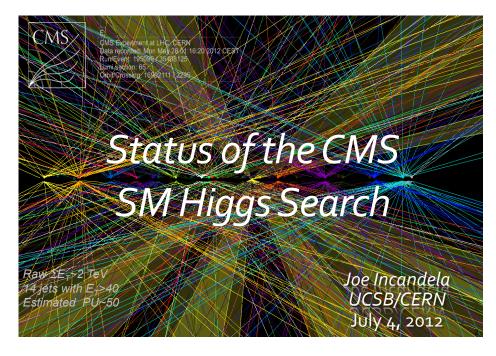


ATLAS

Spokesperson Fabiola Gianotti

Slides from the Official Talks





ACP Higgs-viewing party 7-4-2012

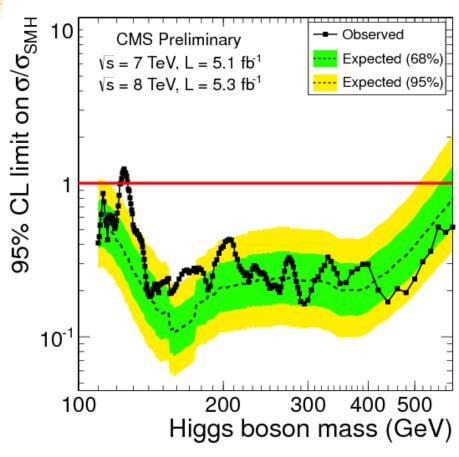


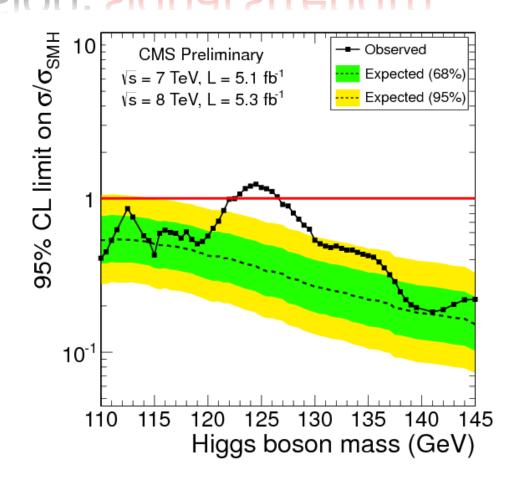


J. Incandela for the CMS COLLABORATION

The Status of the Higgs Search

SM Higgs exclusion: signal strength



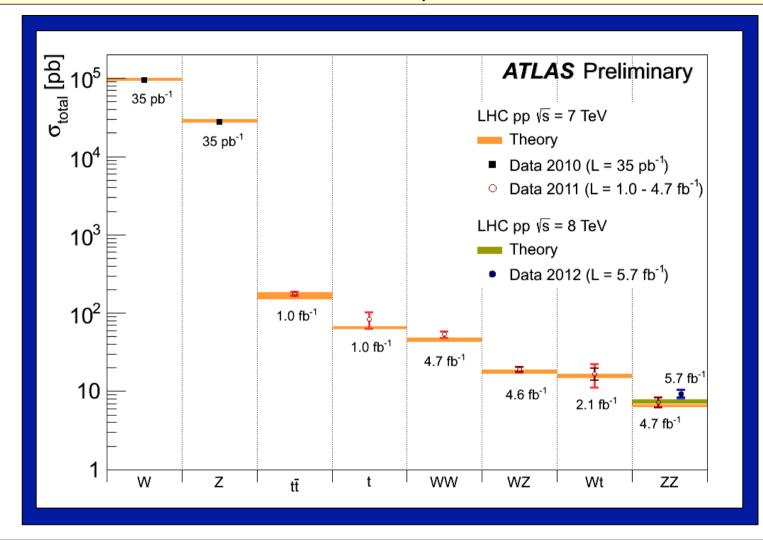


Observed:

110 - 122.5

.. 127 – 600 GeV at 95% CL

Most recent electroweak and top cross-section measurements



Inner error: statistical
Outer error: total

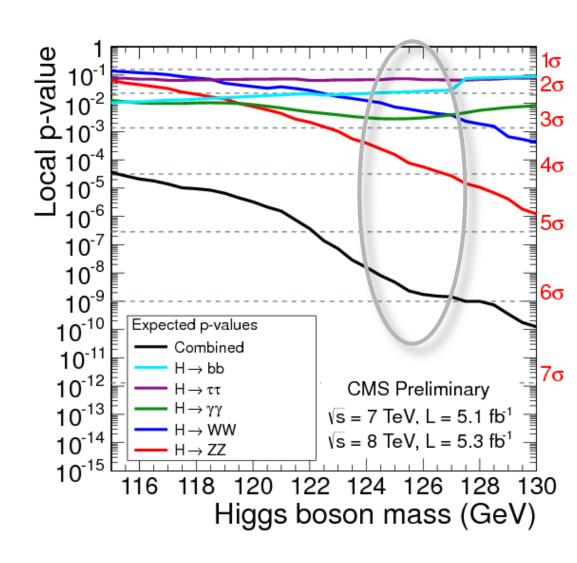
- ☐ Important on their own and as foundation for Higgs searches
- ☐ Most of these processes are reducible or irreducible backgrounds to Higgs
- Reconstruction and measurement of challenging processes (e.g. fully hadronic tt, single top, ..) are good training for some complex Higgs final states

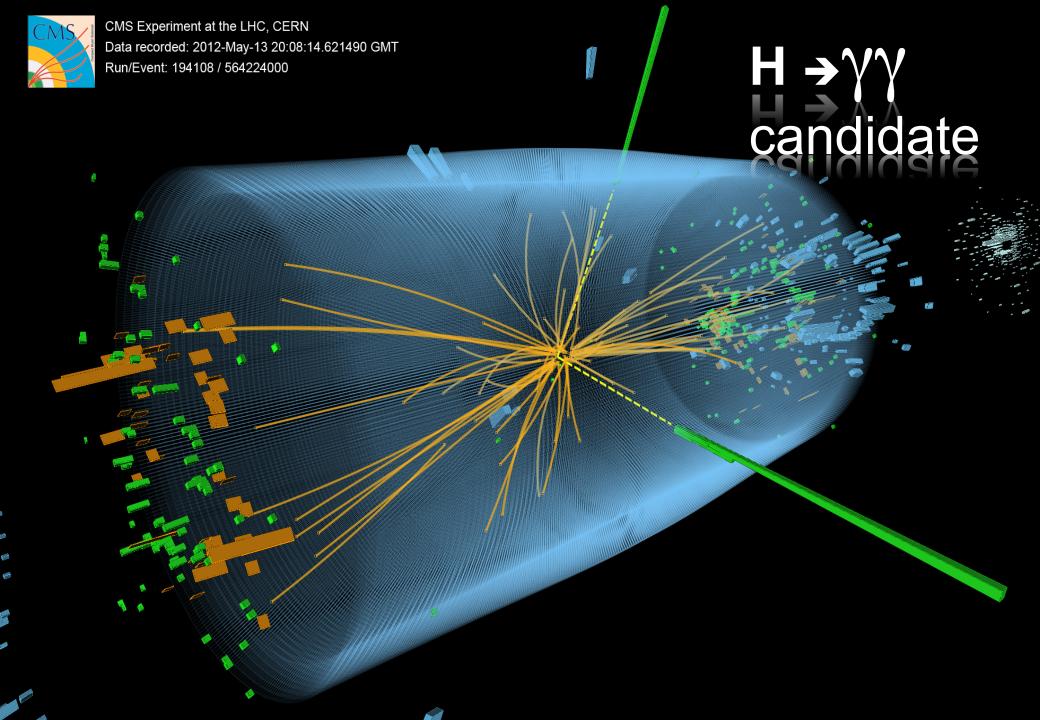


CMS Discovery potential

p-values

- Probability that background fluctuates to give an excess as large as the (average) signal size expected for a SM Higgs.
 - Takes into account all analysis steps, estimated backgrounds, etc. for the 5 search channels indicated.
- Excellent prospects for exploring properties

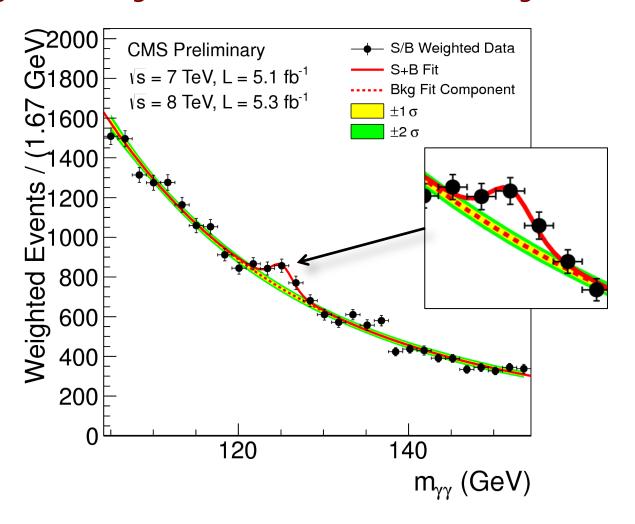






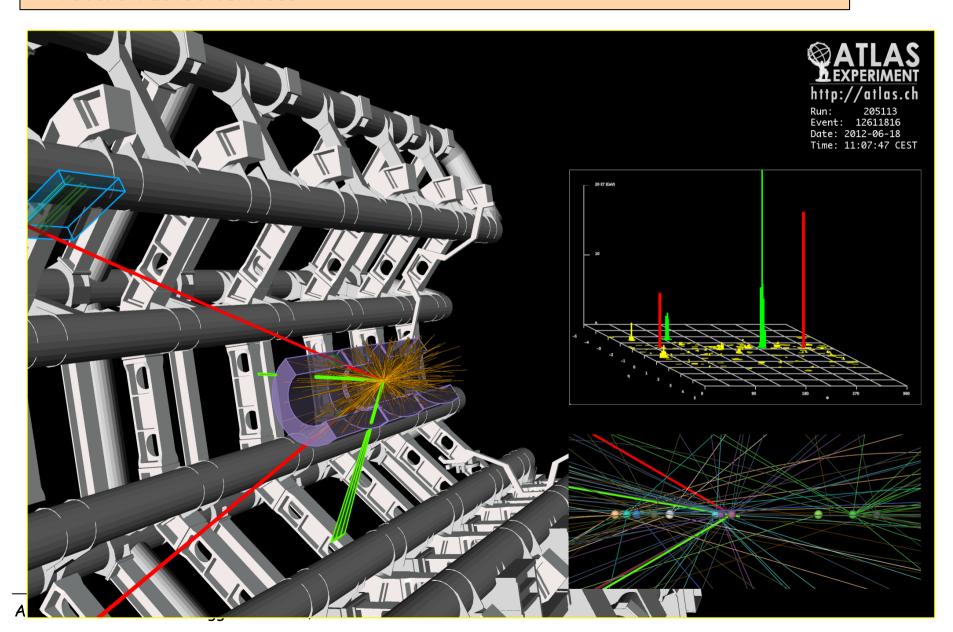
S/B Weighted Mass Distribution

- Sum of mass distributions for each event class, weighted by S/B
 - B is integral of background model over a constant signal fraction interval



$2e2\mu$ candidate with $m_{2e2\mu}$ = 123.9 GeV

 p_{T} (e,e, μ , μ)= 18.7, 76, 19.6, 7.9 GeV, m (e⁺e⁻)= 87.9 GeV, m(μ ⁺ μ ⁻) =19.6 GeV 12 reconstructed vertices



$\begin{array}{c|c} q & \mu^- \\ \hline q & Z/\gamma^* & \mu^- \\ \hline q & \mu^+ \\ \hline \mu^+ & \mu^+ \end{array}$

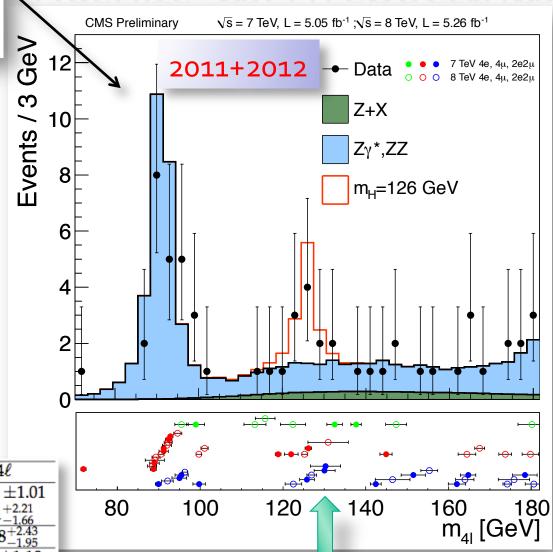
CMS Preliminary $\sqrt{s} = 7$ TeV, L = 5.05 fb⁻¹; $\sqrt{s} = 8$ TeV, L = 5.26 fb⁻¹ • Data Z+X $Z\gamma$, ZZ $m_H=126$ GeV $m_H=350$ GeV

700

m₄₁ [GeV]

800

Results: m(4l) spectrum



Yields for m(4l)=110..160 GeV

300

400

200

J. Incandela for the CMS COLLABORATION

of the Higgs Search

Events / 10 GeV

20⊢

15

10

\circ				
Channel	4e	4μ	2e2μ	4ℓ
ZZ background	2.65 ± 0.31	5.65 ± 0.59	7.17 ± 0.76	15.48 ± 1.01
Z+X	$1.20^{+1.08}_{-0.78}$	$0.92^{+0.65}_{-0.55}$	$2.29^{+1.81}_{-1.36}$	$4.41^{+2.21}_{-1.66}$
All backgrounds	$3.85^{+1.12}_{-0.84}$	$6.58^{+0.88}_{-0.81}$	$9.46^{+1.96}_{-1.56}$	$19.88^{+2.43}_{-1.95}$
$m_{\rm H}=126{ m GeV}$	1.51 ± 0.48	2.99 ± 0.60	3.81 ± 0.89	8.31 ± 1.18

500

600

164 events expected in [100, 800 GeV]
172 events observed in [100, 800 GeV]

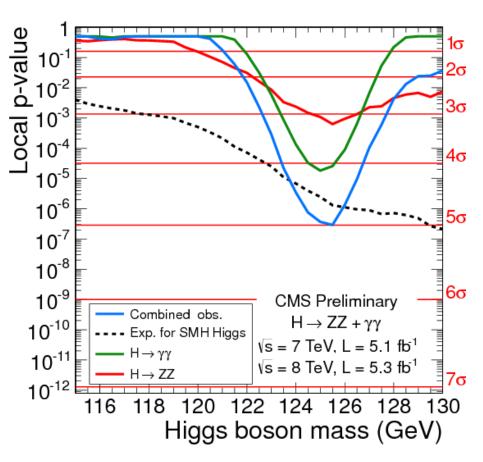
Event-by-event errors



J. Incandela for the CMS COLL

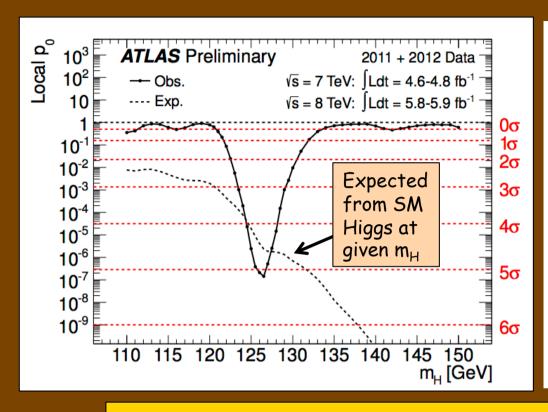
The Status of the Higgs Search

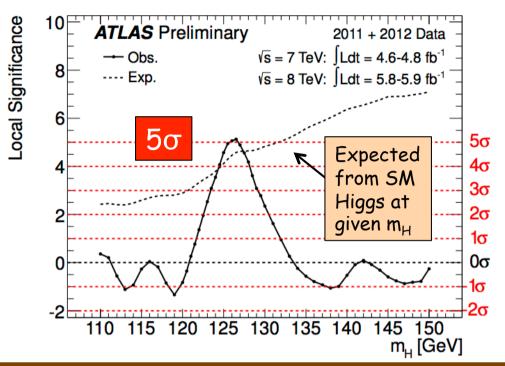
Characterization of excess near 125 GeV



- high sensitivity, high mass resolution channels: γγ+4
 - γγ: 4.1 σ excess
 - 4 leptons: 3.2 σ excess
 - near the <u>same mass</u> 125 GeV
 - comb. significance **5.0** σ
 - expected significance for SM Higgs: 4.7 σ

Combined results: the excess





Maximum excess observed at

Local significance (including energy-scale systematics)

Probability of background up-fluctuation

Expected from SM Higgs m_H=126.5

 $m_{H} = 126.5 \, GeV$

5.0 σ

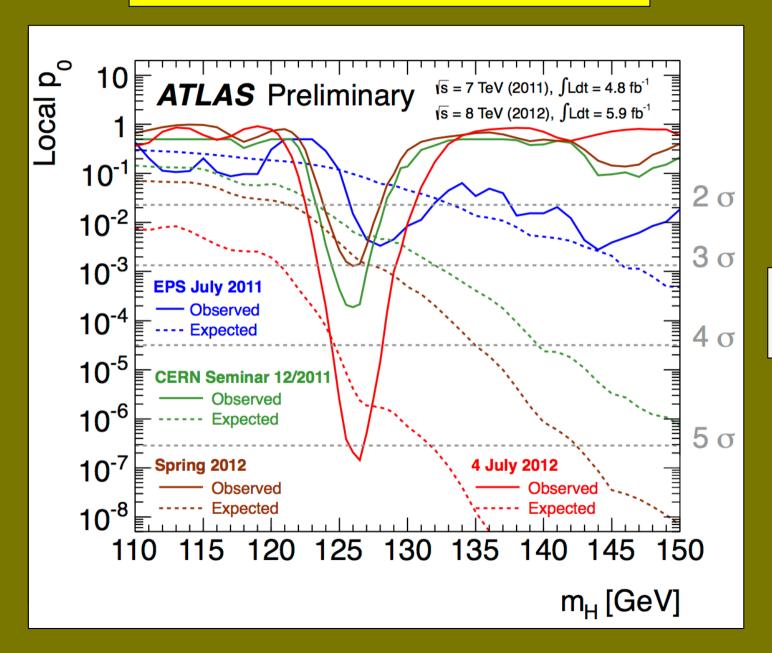
 3×10^{-7}

 4.6σ

Global significance: $4.1-4.3 \sigma$ (for LEE over 110-600 or 110-150 GeV)

What Comes Next?

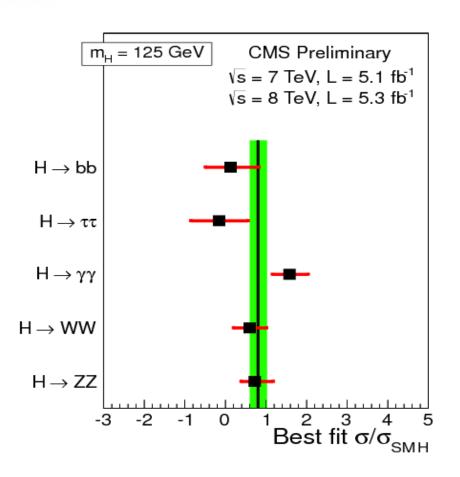
Evolution of the excess with time

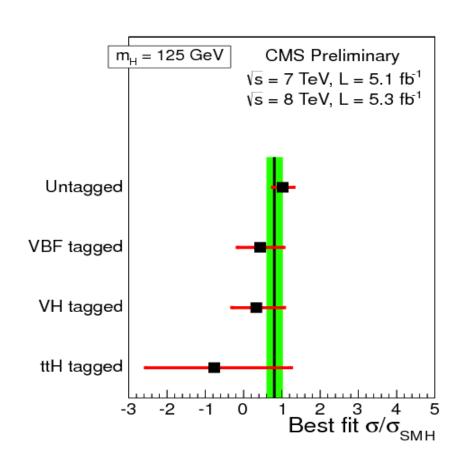


Energy-scale systematics not included



Compatibility with SM Higgs boson event yields in different modes (2)





100

- Event yields in different decay modes are self-consistent
- Event yields in different production topologies are self-consistent

What Comes Next?

- This data is our first tantalizing view of a new, exciting and long-awaited particle.
- LHC will take 2x more data in the rest of 2012 ... and then continue running through 2013.
- Priorities include measuring the Higgs in as many different decays and by as many methods as possible, to fill in the details.
- Above all, we want to know how "standard" the observed Higgs boson is and whether there are hints of exciting new particles yet to come.

theguardian

Higgs boson discovery: now the real work begins