

# Physics 231 - 8-Dec-99



- Announcements
- Sound in Pipes
  - Open Pipes
  - Pipes Closed on One End
- Quiz

# Sounds in Open Pipes

- Resonant wavelengths when  $L = n \lambda / 2$ ;  $n = 1, 2, 3, \dots$

or

$$\lambda = 2L/n$$

- Since  $v = \lambda f$ ;  $f_n = v/\lambda = nv/(2L)$ ;  $n = 1, 2, 3, \dots$

# Pipes Closed on One End

- Resonance when  $L = \lambda/4, 3\lambda/4, 5\lambda/4, \dots, (2n+1)\lambda/4; n = 1, 2, 3, \dots$
- $\lambda_n = 4L/(2n+1); n = 1, 2, 3, \dots$
- $f_n = v/\lambda_n = v(2n+1)/(4L)$

Q1 - Answer = c

Q2 - Problem A - Last name A-K

A pipe, open at both ends resonates at a first harmonic frequency  $f_{\text{open}}$ . If one end is closed its first harmonic frequency is  $f_{\text{closed}}$ . How do the two frequencies compare?

A.  $f_{\text{open}} = f_{\text{closed}}$

B.  $f_{\text{open}} = 2 f_{\text{closed}}$

C.  $f_{\text{closed}} = 2 f_{\text{open}}$

D.  $f_{\text{open}} = 3/2 f_{\text{closed}}$

E.  $f_{\text{closed}} = 3/2 f_{\text{open}}$

Q1 - Answer = c

Q2 - Problem B - Last Name L-Z

- Two pipes, one open on both ends with length  $L_{\text{open}}$ , the other closed on one end with length  $L_{\text{closed}}$ , have identical first harmonic resonant frequencies. How do the two lengths compare?

A.  $L_{\text{open}} = L_{\text{closed}}$

B.  $L_{\text{open}} = 2 L_{\text{closed}}$

C.  $L_{\text{closed}} = 2 L_{\text{open}}$

D.  $L_{\text{open}} = 3/2 L_{\text{closed}}$

E.  $L_{\text{closed}} = 3/2 L_{\text{open}}$