Physics 231 - 22-0ct-99

- Announcements
- Solids and Liquids
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Solids and Liquids

Stress and Strain

Elastic Moduli

Young's

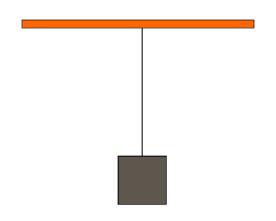
Shear

Bulk

21 - Answer = a 22 - Problem A - Last name A-K

A 75 cm long steel wire with diameter 0.5 mm is stretched by a force of 1500 N. If Young's modulus for steel is 200 GPa (200 x 10⁹ Pa), how much does the wire stretch (in cm)?

- A. 9.0
- B. 0.7
- C. 3×10^{-3}
- D. 2.9
- E. 1.25



21 - Answer = a 22 - Problem B - Last Na me L-Z

How much force (in N) must be applied to a 1.5 m steel wire of 0.4 mm diameter to make its fractional length change by 2%? Take Y = 200 GPa (200×10^9 Pa) for the value of Young's modulus for steel.

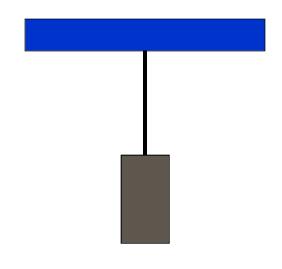
A. 160 N

B. 500 N

C. $5 \times 10^4 \text{ N}$

D. 2010 N

E. $2.5 \times 10^6 \text{ N}$



21 - Answer = b 22 - Problem A - Last name A-K

The ultimate strength of human bone under compression is 150 MPa (1.5 x 10⁸ Pa). Taking the effective area of the femur to be 3.0 cm², what force is required to crush it?

- A. 4.5x 10⁴
- B. $4.5 \times 10^8 \text{ N}$
- C. $1.4 \times 10^4 \text{ N}$
- D. $1.1 \times 10^9 \text{ N}$
- E. $3.1 \times 10^3 \text{ N}$

01 - Answer = b 02 - Problem B - Last Na me L-Z

A weight lifter holds a weight overhead with both arms. If the total effective bone area in both arms is 2.5 cm² and if the ultimate strength of bone is 1.1 x10⁸ Pa, how much weight (in N) can he support before his arms are crushed?

A. 2.7x 10⁸

B. $1.3 \times 10^3 \text{ N}$

 $C. 5.4 \times 10^4 \text{ N}$

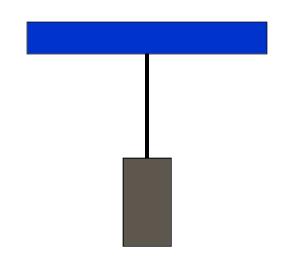
D. $8.6 \times 10^4 \text{ N}$

E. $2.8 \times 10^4 \text{ N}$

)1 - Answer = c)2 - Problem A - Last name A-K

A 1.5 m long steel wire with diameter 0.5 mm is stretched by a force of 500 N. If Young's modulus for steel is 200 GPa (200 x 10⁹ Pa), how much does the wire stretch?

- A. 0.9cm
- B. 1.3 cm
- C. 1.9 cm
- D. 52 cm
- E. 17 cm



)1 - Answer = c)2 - Problem B - Last Na me L-Z

How much force must be applied to a 2 m steel wire of 0.6 mm diameter to make its length change by 3%? Take Y = 200 GPa (200 x 10^9 Pa) for the value of Young's modulus for steel.

A. 850

B. $6.8 \times 10^4 \text{ N}$

C. $3.4 \times 10^3 \text{ N}$

D. 540 N

E. $1.7 \times 10^3 \text{ N}$