

Quiz 8  
March 29, 2001

3. A projectile starting with a potential energy,  $PE_G = 10 \text{ Joules}$ , is fired straight upward with a kinetic energy,  $KE = 50 \text{ Joules}$ . When the projectile has potential energy,  $PE_G = 30 \text{ Joules}$ , what is the **kinetic energy** of the projectile?

The only force acting is gravity and therefore, energy is conserved.

$$\begin{aligned} KE_0 + PE_0 &= KE + PE \\ (50 \text{ J}) + (10 \text{ J}) &= KE + (30 \text{ J}) \\ KE &= 30 \text{ J} \end{aligned}$$

- a) 20 Joules
- \*b) 30 Joules**
- c) 40 Joules
- d) 60 Joules
- e) 80 Joules

4. A spring fires a projectile, with mass  $m$ , straight up into the air. What is the magnitude of the **net force** acting on the mass at its highest point.

Throughout the flight of the projectile, the only force acting is gravity,  $F_G = mg$ . At the highest point,  $v$  is zero, but the net force is still  $F_G$ . At that point, gravity changes the object's direction from up to down.

- \*a)  $mg$**
- b)  $2 mg$
- c) zero
- d)  $1/2mg^2$
- e)  $kx$