

Quiz 8
March 29, 2001

3. A projectile starting with a potential energy, $PE_G = 10 \text{ Joules}$, is fired straight upward with a kinetic energy, $KE = 50 \text{ Joules}$. When the projectile has potential energy, $PE_G = 30 \text{ Joules}$, what is the **kinetic energy** of the projectile?

The only force acting is gravity and therefore, energy is conserved.

$$\begin{aligned} KE_0 + PE_0 &= KE + PE \\ (50 \text{ J}) + (10 \text{ J}) &= KE + (30 \text{ J}) \\ KE &= 30 \text{ J} \end{aligned}$$

- a) 20 Joules
- *b) 30 Joules
- c) 40 Joules
- d) 60 Joules
- e) 80 Joules

4. A spring fires a projectile, with mass m , straight up into the air. What is the magnitude of the **net force** acting on the mass at its highest point.

Throughout the flight of the projectile, the only force acting is gravity, $F_G = mg$. At the highest point, v is zero, but the net force is still F_G . At that point, gravity changes the object's direction from up to down.

- *a) mg
- b) $2mg$
- c) zero
- d) $1/2mg^2$
- e) kx