Physics 410 - 2002 Thermal Physics

Problem Set 7

- 1. Chapter 5, p. 145, problem 2 (5 pt)
- 2. Chapter 5, p. 145, problem 3 (5 pt)
- 3. In a classical ideal gas, for given temperature pressure is proportional to density, i.e., to the average number of molecules per unit volume n. Show this (5 pt). Use the result to show that, if temperature is constant, in a uniform gravitational field (close to the Earth surface) pressure in a gas depends on height z as $p(z) = p(0) \exp(-mgz/\tau)$, where m is the mass of a molecule (5 pt)

You need to have 20 points (no extra credit points)

The problems are from Kittel & Kroemer, Thermal Physics, 2nd edition, (Freeman, NY 1980).