Physics 471 – Fall 2008

Homework #3, due Friday, September 19

1. Griffiths problem 2.5

This problem is rather long, especially part (c). Use the following trigonometric identities: $\sin^2(x) = \frac{1}{2} (1 - \cos(2x))$ and $\sin(x) \sin(y) = \frac{1}{2} (\cos(x-y) - \cos(x+y))$ and use the integrals shown on the inside back cover of your textbook. If you really don't like doing integrals, here is the most difficult one, from Mathematica: $\int_{0}^{a} x \sin\left(\frac{n\pi x}{a}\right) \sin\left(\frac{m\pi x}{a}\right) dx = \frac{a^2}{2\pi^2} \left(\frac{\cos((m-n)\pi) - 1}{(m-n)^2} + \frac{1 - \cos((m+n)\pi)}{(m+n)^2}\right) \text{ for } m, n \text{ integers}$

2. Griffiths problem 2.7.

Hint: Draw pictures of the first few stationary states of the infinite square well, and compare them with $\Psi(x,0)$. Can you eliminate some of the c_n coefficients just by symmetry? For part (d), you can use Mathematica to evaluate the infinite sum, or just leave it as a sum.

- 3. Griffiths problem 2.10.
- 4. Griffiths problem 2.11. Do this problem ONLY for ψ_0 . It's too long otherwise.