Physics 842 – Fall 2012 Classical Electrodynamics II

Problem Set #4 – due Tuesday October 16

- 1. A capacitor consists of two concentric conducting spherical shells with radii a and b, centered at the origin. The space between the shells is half-filled (for z > 0) with a dielectric material with dielectric constant ε . The inner shell carries total charge Q, and the outer shell -0.
 - a) Find the electric field E and everywhere between the shells.
 - b) Find the surface charge distribution on the inner shell, and the bound charge density induced on the inner surface of the dielectric material. Comment on their sum.
- 2. A point charge q is located in free space a distance d from the center of a dielectric sphere of radius a (a < d) and dielectric constant ε . (This problem cannot be solved in closed form using the method of images.)
 - a) Find the potential at all points in space as an expansion in spherical harmonics. (If you have forgotten how to expand the potential due to a point charge not at the origin in spherical harmonics, look it up in a book.)
 - b) Verify that, in the limit $\varepsilon \to \infty$, your result is the same as that for a point charge near a conducting sphere.
 - c) In the limit of very large d, calculate the electrostatic interaction energy between the sphere and the charge in the following way: Multiply the point charge by the part of the potential due to the sphere alone, at the position of the point charge. Is your answer equal to $-\frac{1}{2}$ pE, where p is the total dipole moment of the sphere, and E is the field at the center of the sphere due to the point charge? Comment on why it should be or shouldn't be.

Quiz #4

The quiz on Thursday, October 18, will consist of one of the following problems:

- Problems 1 and 2 on Problem Set #4
- The problem at the end of Section 11
- Problem 5 at the end of Section 12
- Problem 1 at the end of Section 13 (Note that I solved this in class last week without using **D**.)