The Level 2 Magic Bus

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The Level 2 Magic bus (MB) is a 128 bit wide data bus used for communication between modules in the Level 2 Trigger Processor crate. The MB is mounted on the P3 backplane of the CDF VME crate between slots 3 and 21. The connections to the MB are made through an AMP 235 pin, 2mm auxiliary connector. The list of signals is given in table 1. The meaning of these signals is as follows:

Type	Bits	Mnemonic	Description
Data	128	MBDATA	Data lines.
Address	32	MBAD	Address lines.
Cycle type	1	RD/WR*	If asserted, a read cycle otherwise a write.
Timing	1	DSTROBE*	For a read, address is valid; for a write, address and data are valid. (from master)
	1	DDONE*	Open collector signal. For a read, data is valid; for a write, data has been latched by the slave.
Arbitration	1	BOSS	A module is in control of the bus.
	1	BOSSREQ	A module requests control of the bus.
	1	BOSSGRIN	A module may take control of the bus.
	1	BOSSGROUT	The next module may control the bus.
Special	1	MBRESET*	Reset MB backplane- remove all strobes and data.
	1	START_LOAD*	Modules may start loading event data into the processors
	2	BUFFER(1:0)	Buffer number of event to start loading
	4	EV_LOADED(3:0)	Open collector signal driven by input modules when all data for an event has been read into the interface card.
	1	AP_FIFO_EMPTY	Open collector signal driven by alpha processors when all event data has been transferred from the FIFO to main memory.
	19	MOD_DONE(18:0)	Done signals from each level 2 interface module. L2 processors can see when all modules have finished sending buffer data.
	1	DONE_OUT	Each Module has a Done_Out signal that is routed on the backplane to the appropriate MOD_DONE bit.

Ground   18   GND   Signal return

       A module initiating a data transfer must first gain bus mastership. The arbitration priority is determined by the position within the VME crate, with the *lowest* (JTL/ 2/25/01) numbered slots having the highest priority. A module requesting bus mastership asserts BOSSREQ if there is no current master, i.e. BOSS is not asserted. BOSSREQ is connected to BOSSGRIN at the highest priority slot. When BOSSGRIN goes true the state of the internal request is latched. Then either BOSSGROUT is asserted and the grant is passed to the next module, or BOSS is asserted and the current module becomes bus master. During the time the current module is master, BOSS is asserted which prevents BOSSREQ from going true. A module releases BOSS only when it has completed all transactions. At the lowest priority slot BOSSGROUT is connected to BOSS to prevent dead locks. Slots which are empty or contain modules that cannot be MB masters must have BOSSGRIN jumpered to BOSSGROUT.

       After a module becomes master, it may initiate one or more data transactions. The master asserts the address of the source of data and the RD/WR* strobe high if it is a read cycle, or the destination address and data if a write. After waiting at least 10 nanoseconds, the master asserts DSTROBE*. A slave module, seeing DSTROBE* go active, examines the MBAD lines. If the slave recognizes the address, it either puts the corresponding data on MBDATA if a read, or latches the data if a write, and after a minimum of 10ns asserts DDONE*. The master upon seeing DDONE*, latches the data if a read, and then removes DSTROBE* and the slaves remove their data and strobes. Modules may delay removal of the strobes or DDONE* in order to prevent another cycle from being started if they have not finished processing the current cycle. The master may not remove BOSS if DSTROBE* or DDONE* is asserted.
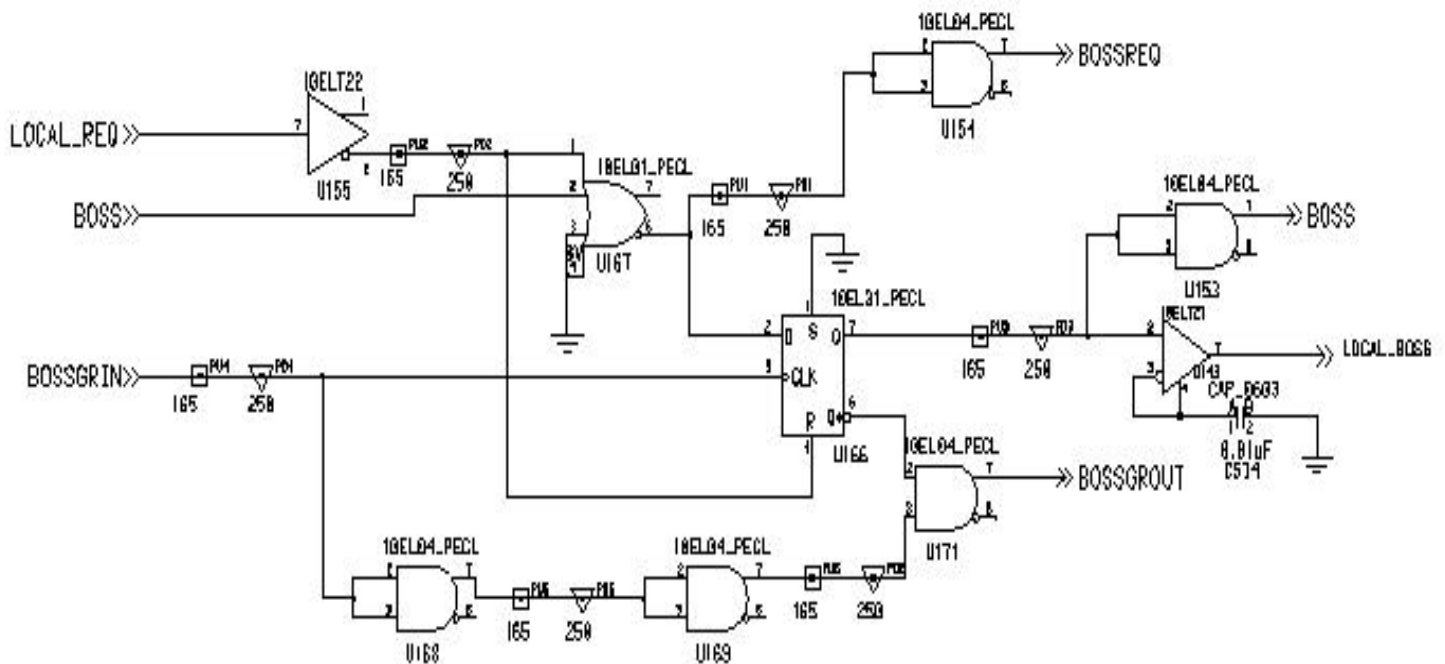
       Addresses 0-1023 are reserved for broadcast-type writes. Other than these restrictions, however, addresses are assigned to modules by any agreed upon convention. A module may use as many addresses as necessary. An address specifies both the module and the module's internal address. The module's address may be set by switches or by a VME register.

       The special signals on the processor bus are MBRESET*, START_LOAD*, BUFFER(1:0), EV_LOADED(3:0), MOD_DONE(19:0), DONE_OUT and AP_FIFO_EMPTY. MBRESET* will cause all slaves to remove all data and strobes from the backplane, as well as to reset appropriate internal registers. EV_LOADED(3:0) is an open collector signal, there is one line for each of the four level 2 buffers. When a Level 1 accept is generated all interface cards should negate EV_LOADED for that buffer. When the data for that buffer has been transferred from the front end system into the interface card, the module should assert EV_LOADED. The loading of data from the front end to the interface cards is driven by the front end system. When the processor sees a Level 1 accept it may issue a START_LOAD* command. START_LOAD* informs modules that they can begin to load an event with the buffer number given by BUFFER(1:0) into the level 2 processors. Note that START_LOAD* *may* be generated before all of the interface cards have received data if the processors want to start loading data in advance of one or more of the modules receiving all of their data. MOD_DONE is a bus of signals from each slot in the crate saying that that slot is finished sending event data to the processors. Each slot also has a DONE_OUT line which is routed on the
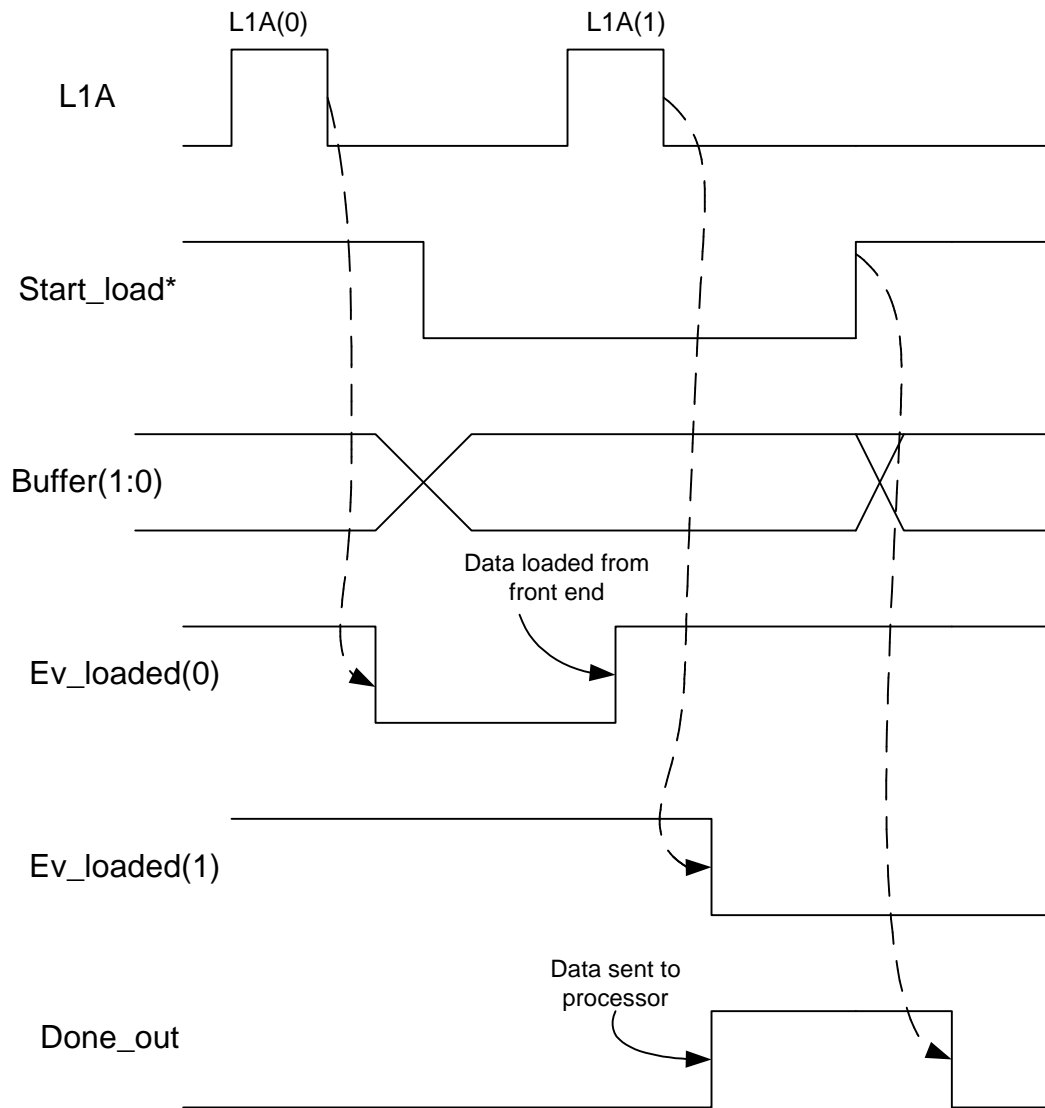
backplane to the appropriate MOD_DONE pin. AP_FIFO_EMPTY is an open-collector signal that is driven by the processor boards. When a processor board is still moving data from the event fifo to main memory, it drives AP_FIFO_EMPTY low. When all of the data from an event has been moved to main memory, the processor board releases AP_FIFO_EMPTY, which will then go high only when all processors have empty fifo's. The signals MOD_DONE(19:0) and AP_FIFO_EMPTY, in combination with a L2A/R being issued on the event currently being processed, notifies the processors that the current event can begin processing and the next event can begin loading.

All bussed signals on the backplane are terminated at each end with a 220 ohm resistor to +5V and a 330 ohm resistor to ground. The drivers for backplane signals should be capable of sinking 64 mA of current, such as the 74FCT244 or the 74FCT245.

The 4 bus arbitration lines: BOSS, BOSSGRIN, BOSSGROUT, and BOSSREQ are PECL logic level signals. The schematic below gives the standard arbitration circuit to be used for each board. The two signals, LOCAL_REQ and LOCAL_BOSS in the schematic are TTL level and are used to interface with the board's control logic. Each PECL line has a 165 ohm pull up resistor to +5V and a 250 ohm pull down resistor to ground.

Timing Diagram for Interface Boards

L1A(0)　　　　　　L1A(1)

L1A

Start_load*

Buffer(1:0)

Data loaded from
front end

Ev_loaded(0)

Ev_loaded(1)

Data sent to
processor

Done_out

PIN	A	B	C	D	E
1	GND	GND	GND	GND	GND
2	MBDATA(0)	MBDATA(1)	MBDATA(2)	MBDATA(3)	MBDATA(4)
3	MBDATA(5)	MBDATA(6)	MBDATA(7)	MBDATA(8)	MBDATA(9)
4	MBDATA(10)	MBDATA(11)	MBDATA(12)	MBDATA(13)	MBDATA(14)
5	MBDATA(15)	MBDATA(16)	MBDATA(17)	MBDATA(18)	MBDATA(19)
6	MBDATA(20)	MBDATA(21)	GND	MBDATA(22)	MBDATA(23)
7	MBDATA(24)	MBDATA(25)	MBDATA(26)	MBDATA(27)	MBDATA(28)
8	MBDATA(29)	MBDATA(30)	MBDATA(31)	MBDATA(32)	MBDATA(33)
9	MBDATA(34)	MBDATA(35)	MBDATA(36)	MBDATA(37)	MBDATA(38)
10	MBDATA(39)	MBDATA(40)	MBDATA(41)	MBDATA(42)	MBDATA(43)
11	MBDATA(44)	MBDATA(45)	GND	MBDATA(46)	MBDATA(47)
12	MBDATA(48)	MBDATA(49)	MBDATA(50)	MBDATA(51)	MBDATA(52)
13	MBDATA(53)	MBDATA(54)	MBDATA(55)	MBDATA(56)	MBDATA(57)
14	MBDATA(58)	MBDATA(59)	MBDATA(60)	MBDATA(61)	MBDATA(62)
15	MBDATA(63)	MBDATA(64)	MBDATA(65)	MBDATA(66)	MBDATA(67)
16	MBDATA(68)	MBDATA(69)	GND	MBDATA(70)	MBDATA(71)
17	MBDATA(72)	MBDATA(73)	MBDATA(74)	MBDATA(75)	MBDATA(76)
18	MBDATA(77)	MBDATA(78)	MBDATA(79)	MBDATA(80)	MBDATA(81)
19	MBDATA(82)	MBDATA(83)	MBDATA(84)	MBDATA(85)	MBDATA(86)
20	MBDATA(87)	MBDATA(88)	MBDATA(89)	MBDATA(90)	MBDATA(91)
21	MBDATA(92)	MBDATA(93)	GND	MBDATA(94)	MBDATA(95)
22	MBDATA(96)	MBDATA(97)	MBDATA(98)	MBDATA(99)	MBDATA(100)
23	MBDATA(101)	MBDATA(102)	MBDATA(103)	MBDATA(104)	MBDATA(105)
24	MBDATA(106)	MBDATA(107)	MBDATA(108)	MBDATA(109)	MBDATA(110)
25	MBDATA(111)	MBDATA(112)	MBDATA(113)	MBDATA(114)	MBDATA(115
26	MBDATA(116)	MBDATA(117)	GND	MBDATA(118)	MBDATA(119)
27	MBDATA(120)	MBDATA(121)	MBDATA(122)	MBDATA(123)	MBDATA(124)
28	MBDATA(125)	MBDATA(126)	MBDATA(127)	MBAD(0)	MBAD(1)
29	MBAD(2)	MBAD(3)	MBAD(4)	MBAD(5)	MBAD(6)
30	MBAD(7)	MBAD(8)	MBAD(9)	MBAD(10)	MBAD(11)
31	MBAD(12)	MBAD(13)	GND	MBAD(14)	MBAD(15)
32	MBAD(16)	MBAD(17)	MBAD(18)	MBAD(19)	MBAD(20)
33	MBAD(21)	MBAD(22)	MBAD(23)	MBAD(24)	MBAD(25)
34					
35					
36					
37	MBAD(26)	MBAD(27)	MBAD(28)	MBAD(29)	MBAD(30)
38	MBAD(31)	MBRESET	RD/WR*	DSTROBE*	DDONE*
39	Reserved	BOSS	GND	BOSSREQ	BOSSGROUT
40	Reserved	AP_FIFO_EMTY	START_LOAD*	Reserved	BOSSGRIN
41	BUFFER(1)	BUFFER(0)	MOD_DONE(0)	MOD_DONE(1)	MOD_DONE(2)
42	MOD_DONE(3)	MOD_DONE(4)	MOD_DONE(5)	MOD_DONE(6)	MOD_DONE(7)
43	MOD_DONE(8)	MOD_DONE(9)	MOD_DONE(10)	MOD_DONE(11)	MOD_DONE(12)
44	MOD_DONE(13)	MOD_DONE(14)	GND	MOD_DONE(15)	MOD_DONE(16)
45	MOD_DONE(17)	MOD_DONE(18)	Reserved	DONE_OUT	Reserved
46	EV_LOADED(0)	EV_LOADED(1)	EV_LOADED(2)	EV_LOADED(3)	Reserved
47	GND	GND	GND	GND	GND

Table 1