## PHY 410

HW\#6
Assigned 4 March 09: Due 16 March 09
6.1 Problem 1 Chapter 4 of the Text
6.2 Problem 6 Chapter 4 of the Text
6.3 Problem 12 Chapter 4 of the Text
6.4 Using the fact that the total chemical potential must be constant show that the pressure of an ideal gas (particles of mass $M$ ) as a function of height $h$ above the surface is given by

$$
p(h)=p(0) e^{-M g h / \tau}
$$

Where it is assumed that the temperature $\tau$ is constant (does not change with height)

