Phy 410
Quiz \#1, Jan 23, 2009
a) There are 6 magnets each can point either up or down with equal probability ( 6 points)
i) How many possible microstates are there for this system?
ii) What is the probability of seeing the microstate ( $\uparrow \uparrow \uparrow \uparrow \downarrow) ?$
iii) What is the probability of seeing a macrostate ( $\mathbf{N}, \mathbf{s}$ ), 2s=spin excess, for $\mathbf{N}=6, \mathbf{s}=0$ ?
i) $\quad 2^{6}=64$; $\quad$ ii) $1 / 64$;
iil)
$P(N, s)=g(N, s) \cdot \frac{1}{2^{N}}=\frac{N!}{\left(\frac{N}{2}+s\right)!\left(\frac{N}{2}-s\right)!} \bullet \frac{1}{2^{N}}=\frac{20}{64}=\frac{5}{16}$
b) Consider a system consisting of 2 quantum harmonic oscillators ( $\mathbf{N}=2$ ). The total energy of the system is 3 (in units of energy quantum hw i.e. $n=3$ ). (4 points)
i) How many microstates ( $\mathbf{N} ; \mathrm{s}_{1}, \mathrm{~s}_{\mathbf{2}}$ ) correspond to this macrostate ( $\mathbf{N}, \mathrm{n}$ )?
ii) Write down these microstates.
i) $g(N, n)=\frac{(N-1+n)!}{(N-1)!n!}=\frac{(2-1+3)!}{(2-1)!3!}=4$
ii) $s_{1}+s_{2}=3$;

The microstates are:
$(2 ; 0,3),(2 ; 3,0),(2,2,1) ;(2 ; 1,2)$

