## Phy 410 Quiz #7, March 20, 2009

Starting from the thermodynamic identity

$$\tau d\sigma = dU + p dV - \mu dN$$

Calculate the chemical potential  $\,\mu\,$  at constant entropy and constant  $\,$ 

For constant entropy and constant volume the above thermodynamic relation is correct because entropy  $\sigma$  and volume V are natural variables along with N. So

$$0 = dU + 0 - \mu \, dN$$

$$\mu = \left(\frac{\partial U}{\partial N}\right)_{\sigma V}$$

Now for constant entropy and constant <u>pressure</u> show that the chemical potential  $\mu$  is given by an appropriate derivative of the enthalpy

$$H = U + pV$$

For constant pressure we have change the free energy such that pressure instead of volume is the natural variable.

$$dH = dU + pdV + Vdp = \tau d\sigma + \mu dN + Vdp$$

For constant  $\sigma$  and constant  $\mathbf p$ 

$$dH = \mu dN$$

$$\mu = \left(\frac{\partial H}{\partial N}\right)_{\sigma, n}$$