Due date: Sun May 19 10:00:00 pm 2019 (EDT) Did you manage to log in?

A. Yes, I did.

Tries 0/20

Let's test your calculator skills. What is 7.29^2 ?

Tries 0/20

What is $7.29^{3?}$?

Tries 0/20

And what is $7.29^{7/5}$?

Tries 0/20

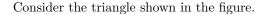
What is the square root of 10^{17} ?

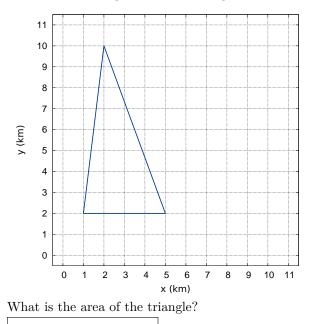
(Hints: 10 is an integer number. Integer numbers are exact, they don't have any uncertainty. The result however is going to be a real number. Computers approximate real numbers using floating point numbers. Floating point numbers have a given number of significant figures or digits. LON-CAPA typically expects 3, 4 or 5 digits. 2 or 1 is not enough, 6 or more is too many. Very large or very small numbers are expressed in scientific or exponential notation like the number above. Numbers in scientific notation are entered to computer software - like LON-CAPA - as 1.23E15 or 1.23e15, for example; and 1.23E-15 or 1.23e-15, if the exponent is negative. If both the number and the exponent are negative, then you type -1.23E-15 or -1.23e-15. On calculators the button is usually labelled as 'EE', but 'E' or 'EEX' or 'Exp' are also possible.)

Tries 0/20

What is the area of a rectangle with a length of 17.1 cm and a width of 76.9 mm?

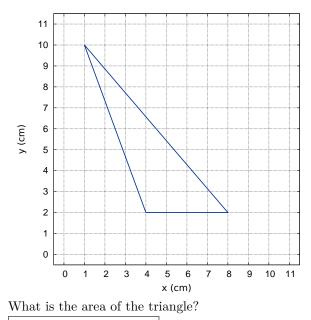
Tries 0/20





Tries 0/20

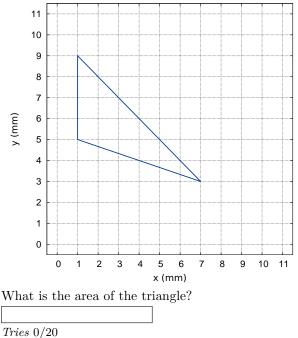
Consider the triangle shown in the figure.



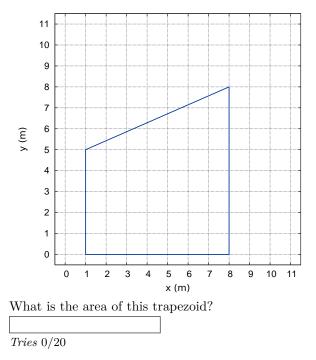
Tries 0/20

1

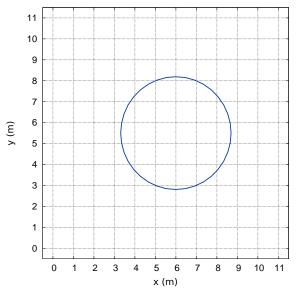
Consider the triangle shown in the figure.



Consider the trapezoid shown in the figure.



Consider the circle shown in the figure.



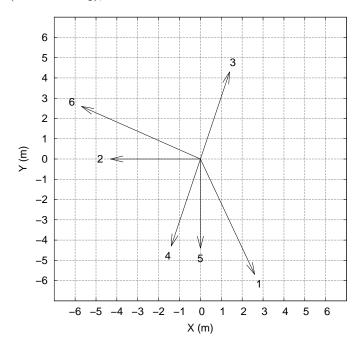
What is the diameter of the circle? Please, notice that the circle passes through a number of grid intersection points.



What is the area of the circle?

Tries 0/20

Several vectors in the \mathbf{x} - \mathbf{y} plane are shown in the figure with their tails at the origin of the coordinate system and with a label at their heads. Two of these vectors are given in terms of the unit-vectors **i** and **j** as $\mathbf{P} = (1.40\mathbf{i} + 4.30\mathbf{j})$ and $\mathbf{Q} =$ (-5.70i + 2.60j), where the numbers are measured in meters.



3

Identify vectors ${\bf P}$ and ${\bf Q}$ in the figure.

Choices: 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6.

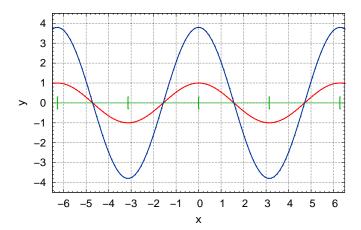
- The label of vector ${\bf Q}$ on the figure is ...
- The label of vector **P** on the figure is ...

Tries 0/20

Let $\mathbf{M} = (\mathbf{P} + \mathbf{Q})$. Calculate the magnitude of the vector \mathbf{M} .

Tries 0/20

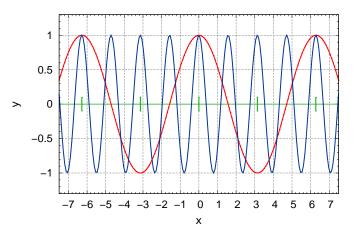
Consider the $f(x) = A\cos(x)$ function shown in the figure in blue color. What is the value of amplitude A for this function?



As a reference the g(x) = cos(x) function is shown in red color, and green tick marks are drawn at integer multiples of π .

Tries 0/20

Consider the f(x) = cos(Bx) function shown in the figure in blue color. What is the value of parameter *B* for this function? This parameter is called angular frequency in physics and it is denoted by ω .

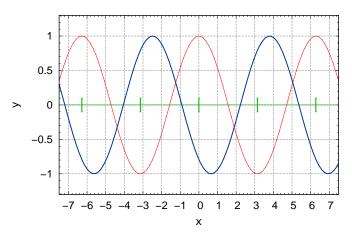


As a reference the g(x) = cos(x) function is shown in red color, and green tick marks are drawn at integer multiples of π .



Tries 0/20

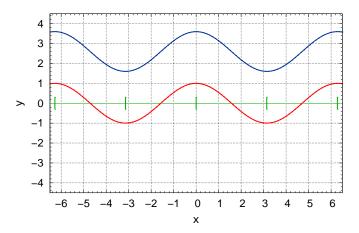
Consider the f(x) = cos(x-C) function shown in the figure in blue color, where $0 \le C \le 2\pi$. What is the value of parameter C for the function in the figure?



As a reference the g(x) = cos(x) function is shown in red color, and green tick marks are drawn at integer multiples of π .

Tries 0/20

Consider the f(x) = cos(x) + D function shown in the figure in blue color. What is the value of paramter D?



As a reference the g(x) = cos(x) function is shown in red color, and green tick marks are drawn at integer multiples of π .

Tries 0/20

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