

your name \_\_\_\_\_

*Physics 321 Quiz #4 - Wednesday, Sep. 24*

1. Ted and his iceboat have a combined mass  $M_t$ . Ted's boat slides without friction on the top of a frozen lake. Ted's boat has a winch and he wishes to wind up a long heavy rope of mass  $M_r$  and length  $L$  that is laid out in a straight line on the ice. Ted's boat starts at rest at one end of the rope, then brings the rope on board the ice boat at a constant rate of  $R$ , where  $R$  gives the length of the rope that is brought on board per unit time. After a time  $L/R$  the rope is all aboard the iceboat.

Let  $y$  reference a position on the rope relative to the ice boat. Thus,  $0 < y < L - Rt$ . Find the tension  $\tau$  in the rope as a function of  $y$  and the time  $t$ .

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**Solution:**

From the HW problem,

$$\begin{aligned}v_t - v_r &= R, \\m_t v_t + m_r v_r &= 0, \\m_r &= m_{r0} - \lambda R t, \quad \lambda \equiv m_{r0}/L \\m_t &= m_{t0} - \lambda R t.\end{aligned}$$

Solving for the velocity of the rope,

$$v_r = -R \frac{m_{t0} + \lambda R t}{m_{t0} + m_{r0}}.$$

All elements of the rope outside the boat have the same acceleration,

$$a_r = -\frac{\lambda R^2}{m_{t0} + m_{r0}}.$$

At a position  $y$ , the part of the rope outside of "y" has mass

$$m_y = \lambda(L - Rt - y),$$

so the tension is

$$T = m_y |a_r| = \frac{\lambda^2 R^2 (L - Rt - y)}{m_{t0} + m_{r0}}.$$

At the end of the rope,  $y = L - Rt$ , the tension is zero.