

This spectrum was produced by exciting a glass tube of hydrogen gas with about 5000 volts from a transformer. It was viewed through a diffraction grating with 600 lines/mm. The colors cannot be expected to be accurate because of differences in display devices.

For atomic number Z =to $n_1 =$ a transition from $n_2 =$ will have wavelength $\lambda =$ nm and quantum energy hv =eV

Index to HyperPhysics



*The true address of the document is not shown when the index is open.

Google search of **HyperPhysics**

- * acceleration
- * absorption,
- quantum
- *adhesion
- *admittance
- * air, constituents air friction
- * airbag
- * airfoil
- * airplane in wind
- * albedo
- * algebra
- * Alpha Centauri
- * alpha particle
- * alveoli of lungs
- * Ampere's Law
- * AM radio
- * angular
- acceleration
- * angular
- displacement
- * angular
- momentum
- * angular momentum,
- <u>quantize</u>d
- * angular velocity
- * Archimedes'
- principle
- * arctangent problem
- * aspirator
- * astronomical
- unit
- * asymptotic freedom
- * atmosphere,
- constituents
- * atmospheric pressure
- * atomic clock
- * atomic mass unit