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Nagy,

Tibor

Keep this exam **CLOSED** until advised by the instructor.

 $50\ {\rm minute}\ {\rm long}\ {\rm closed}\ {\rm book}\ {\rm exam}.$

Fill out the bubble sheet: last name, first initial, **student number (PID)**. Leave the section, code, form and signature areas empty.

Three two-sided handwritten 8.5 by 11 help sheets are allowed.

When done, hand in your test and your bubble sheet.

Thank you and good luck!

Possibly useful constants:

- $g = 9.81 \text{ m/s}^2$
- $G = 6.67 \times 10^{-11} \text{ Nm}^2/\text{kg}^2$
- + $\rho_{\rm water}=1000~{\rm kg/m^3}=1~{\rm kg/l}=1~{\rm g/cm^3}$
- 1 atm = 101.3 kPa = 760 mmHg
- $N_A = 6.02 \times 10^{23} \text{ 1/mol}$
- R = 8.31 J/(molK)
- $k_B = 1.38 \times 10^{-23} \text{ J/K}$
- $0 \,^{\circ}\text{C} = 273.15 \text{ K}$

Please, sit in row G.

1 pt Are you sitting in the seat assigned?

 $1.A\bigcirc$ Yes, I am.

1

4 pt A 210 kg satellite is orbiting on a circular orbit 5155 km above the Earth's surface. Determine the speed of the satellite. (The mass of the Earth is 5.97×10^{24} kg, and the radius of the Earth is 6370 km.) (*in* km/s)

2. A ○
 2.29
 B ○
 2.68
 C ○
 3.14
 D ○
 3.67

 E ○
 4.29
 F ○
 5.02
 G ○
 5.88
 H ○
 6.88

4 pt The paths of two small sattellites, $M_L = 6.00$ kg and $M_R = 9.00$ kg, are shown below, drawn to scale, with M_L corresponding to the orbit on the left hand side in the figure. They orbit in the same plane around a massive star, as shown below.



The period of $\rm M_L$ is 26.0 years. Calculate the period of $\rm M_R,$ in years.

3.	\mathbf{A} $\bigcirc 4.45 \times 10^1$	$\mathbf{B}\bigcirc 6.45 \times 10^1$	$\mathbf{C}\bigcirc~9.36 imes10^1$
	$\mathbf{D}\bigcirc 1.36 \times 10^2$	\mathbf{E} \bigcirc 1.97 \times 10 ²	$\mathbf{F}\bigcirc~2.85 imes10^2$
	$\mathbf{G}\bigcirc 4.14 \times 10^2$	${\rm H}\bigcirc~6.00\times10^2$	

4 pt Glucose solution is administered to a patient in a hospital. The density of the solution is 1.336 kg/l. If the blood pressure in the vein is 39.2 mmHg, then what is the minimum necessary height of the IV bag above the position of the needle? (*in* cm)

4.	A 16.9	$\mathbf{B}\bigcirc~22.5$	C 〇 30.0	D \[] 39.9
	E 〇 53.0	$\mathbf{F}\bigcirc~70.5$	$\mathbf{G}\bigcirc 93.8$	$\mathbf{H}\bigcirc$ 124.7

3 ptA large ice cube floats in a glass of water.



What happens to the water level, when the ice cube melts? (No water is lost due to evaporation.)

5.**A** \bigcirc The water level will fall.

 \mathbf{B} The water level will rise.

 \mathbf{C} It depends on how much water we have in the glass, and how big the ice cube is.

 \mathbf{D} The water level will not change.



There is a steel bolt frozen inside the ice cube. What happens to the water level when all the ice melts? (No water is lost due to evaporation.)

6.A The water level will fall.

 \mathbf{B} The water level will rise.

 \mathbf{C} Without knowing the mass of the bolt, we cannot answer this question.

 $\mathbf{D}\bigcirc$ The water level will not change.

8 pt The figure illustrates the flow of an ideal fluid through a pipe of circular cross section, with diameters of 1 cm and 2 cm and with different elevations. $\mathbf{p}_{\mathbf{x}}$ is the pressure in the pipe, and v_x is the speed of the fluid at locations x = q, r, s, t, or u.



- $\stackrel{\triangleright}{\textbf{7}} \begin{array}{c} p_r \text{ is } \dots p_s \\ \textbf{7} \cdot \quad \textbf{A} \bigcirc \text{ Greater than } \end{array}$ \mathbf{B} Less than $\mathbf{C}\bigcirc$ Equal to
- $\stackrel{\triangleright}{\mathbf{8}} \begin{array}{c} p_u \text{ is } \dots \ p_q \\ \mathbf{8} \cdot \quad \mathbf{A} \bigcirc \ \text{Greater than} \end{array}$ \mathbf{B} () Less than \mathbf{C}) Equal to
- $\stackrel{\triangleright}{\textbf{9.}} \stackrel{v_q}{\textbf{A}} \stackrel{is}{\underset{}} \frac{\ldots}{\textbf{2}v_s}$ Greater than \mathbf{B} Less than \mathbf{C}) Equal to
- $\stackrel{\triangleright}{\mathbf{10.}} v_u \stackrel{is}{\mathbf{10.}} \dots \stackrel{v_r}{\mathbf{A}} \stackrel{o}{\bigcirc} \operatorname{Greater than}$ \mathbf{B} () Less than $\mathbf{C}\bigcirc$ Equal to

4 pt A rock band uses a wall built out of 37 identical speakers. If one single speaker can produce a sound level of 95.5 dB in the front row area, then what is the sound level produced by the whole wall?

 $(in \ dB)$

11.	$\mathbf{A}\bigcirc$ 59.3	B 〇 69.4	$\mathbf{C}\bigcirc 81.2$	$\mathbf{D}\bigcirc 95.0$
	\mathbf{E} 111.2	\mathbf{F} 130.1	$\mathbf{G}\bigcirc$ 152.2	$\mathbf{H}\bigcirc$ 178.1

 $\left\lfloor 4 \ pt \right\rfloor$ A stationary horn emits a sound with a frequency of 205 Hz. A car is moving away from the horn on a straight road with constant speed. If the driver of the car hears the horn at a frequency of 185 Hz, then what is the speed of the car? Use 340 m/s for the speed of the sound.

(in m/s)

12.	$\mathbf{A}\bigcirc 2.30 \times 10^1$	$\mathbf{B}\bigcirc~2.60 imes10^1$	$\mathbf{C}\bigcirc 2.94 \times 10^1$
	$\mathbf{D}\bigcirc 3.32 \times 10^1$	$\mathbf{E}\bigcirc 3.75 \times 10^1$	$\mathbf{F}\bigcirc 4.24 \times 10^1$
	$\mathbf{G}\bigcirc 4.79 \times 10^{1}$	$\mathbf{H}\bigcirc 5.41 \times 10^1$	

4 pt A pipe is 1.70 m long and it is open at both ends. What are the frequencies of the lowest three harmonics produced by this pipe? The speed of sound is 340 m/s. Only one answer is correct.

13.A ○ 100 Hz, 200 Hz, 300 Hz
B ○ 100 Hz, 300 Hz, 500 Hz
C ○ 50 Hz, 100 Hz, 150 Hz
D ○ 50 Hz, 100 Hz, 200 Hz
E ○ 50 Hz, 150 Hz, 250 Hz
F ○ 200 Hz, 400 Hz, 600 Hz
G ○ 200 Hz, 600 Hz, 1000 Hz
H ○ 200 Hz, 300 Hz, 400 Hz

3 pt A bimetallic strip is held fixed at the bottom end as shown in the figure.



The metal on the left has a coefficient of linear heat expansion of $\alpha_{\text{left}} = 1.50 \times 10^{-5} \text{ 1/K}$, the metal on the right has $\alpha_{\text{right}} = 3.85 \times 10^{-5} \text{ 1/K}$. When the strip is heated, it will ... (complete the sentence)

4 pt 5.20 liters of Nitrogen gas at 70.0°C temperature and 2.90 atm pressure contains how many moles?

15.	$\mathbf{A}\bigcirc~0.257$	$\mathbf{B}\bigcirc 0.291$	$\mathbf{C}\bigcirc~0.329$	$\mathbf{D}\bigcirc~0.371$
	$\mathbf{E}\bigcirc 0.420$	$\mathbf{F}\bigcirc 0.474$	$\mathbf{G}\bigcirc~0.536$	$\mathbf{H}\bigcirc 0.605$

2 pt A gas bottle contains 8.44×10^{23} Methane molecules at a temperature of 349 K. What is the thermal energy of the gas?

16.	$\mathbf{A}\bigcirc 1.22 \times 10^4$	\mathbf{B} $\bigcirc 1.38 \times 10^4$	$\mathbf{C}\bigcirc~1.56 imes10^4$
	$\mathbf{D}\bigcirc 1.76 \times 10^4$	$\mathbf{E}\bigcirc~1.99 imes10^4$	$\mathbf{F}\bigcirc~2.25 imes10^4$
	$\mathbf{G}\bigcirc~2.54\times10^4$	${\bf H}\bigcirc~2.87\times10^4$	

2 pt On average how much energy is stored by ONE degree of freedom for ONE single molecule? (in J)

L7.	\mathbf{A} 2.41 × 10 ⁻²¹	$\mathbf{B}\bigcirc 3.01 \times 10^{-21}$
	$\mathbf{C}\bigcirc 3.76 \times 10^{-21}$	\mathbf{D} \bigcirc 4.71 \times 10 ⁻²¹
	$\mathbf{E}\bigcirc~5.88\times10^{-21}$	$\mathbf{F}\bigcirc~7.35 imes10^{-21}$
	$\mathbf{G}\bigcirc 9.19 \times 10^{-21}$	$\mathbf{H}\bigcirc~1.15\times10^{-20}$

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(in J)